

SUMMARY

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for public release after registration)

STUDY TITLE

Strain Review for *Delftia acidovorans*, the Source Organism for *aad-12*

DATA REQUIREMENTS

None

AUTHOR(S)

J.M. Lira

STUDY COMPLETED ON

14 April 2010

PERFORMING LABORATORY

Discovery Research  
Dow AgroSciences LLC  
9330 Zionsville Road  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46268-1054

LABORATORY STUDY ID

JML100001

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Strain Review for *Delftia acidovorans*, the Source Organism for *aad-12*

SUMMARY

The taxonomy and habitat, history of food use, and allergenicity and toxicity of *Delftia acidovorans* is summarized. *Delftia acidovorans* is the source organism for the *aad-12* gene.

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Strain Review for *Delftia acidovorans*, the Source Organism for *aad-12*

DATA REQUIREMENTS

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AUTHOR(S)

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Compound: AAD-12

Title: Strain Review for *Delftia acidovorans*, the Source Organism for *aad-12*

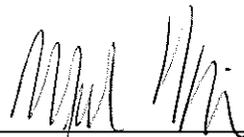
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Company: Dow AgroSciences LLC

Company Agent: M.S. Krieger

Title: Regulatory Manager

Signature: 

Date: 12 April 2010

THIS DATA MAY BE CONSIDERED CONFIDENTIAL IN COUNTRIES OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH GOOD LABORATORY PRACTICE STANDARDS

Title: Strain Review for *Delftia acidovorans*, the Source Organism for *aad-12*

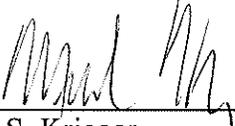
Study Initiation Date: 03/01/2010

This report represents data generated after the effective date of the EPA FIFRA Good Laboratory Practice Standards.

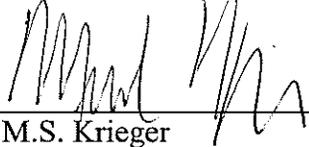
United States Environmental Protection Agency  
Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 160  
FEDERAL REGISTER, August 17, 1989

Organisation for Economic Co-Operation and Development  
ENV/MC/CHEM(98)17, Paris January 26, 1998

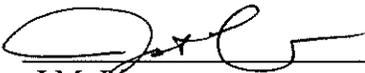
This study does not meet requirements of 40 CFR Part 160.

  
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M.S. Krieger  
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12 April 2010  
\_\_\_\_\_  
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Study Completion Date

## QUALITY ASSURANCE STATEMENT

Compound: AAD-12

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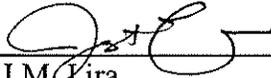
Study Initiation Date: 03/01/2010

Study Completion Date: 04/14/2010

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**NON-GLP STUDY**

SIGNATURE PAGE



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Date

## STUDY PERSONNEL

Title: Strain Review for *Delftia acidovorans*, the Source Organism for *aad-12*

Principal Analyst: J.M. Lira  
(Principle Investigator)

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ABSTRACT

The taxonomy and habitat, history of food use, and allergenicity and toxicity of *Delftia acidovorans* is summarized. *Delftia acidovorans* is the source organism for the *aad-12* gene.

## INTRODUCTION

The taxonomy and habitat, history of food use, and allergenicity and toxicity of *Delftia acidovorans* is summarized. *Delftia acidovorans* is the source organism for the *aad-12* gene.

## TAXONOMY AND HABITAT

**Lineage** (full): [Bacteria](#); [Proteobacteria](#); [Betaproteobacteria](#); [Burkholderiales](#); [Comamonadaceae](#); [Delftia](#)

The current taxonomic classification for the bacterial strain that *aad-12* was derived from is *Delftia acidovorans* MC1. This strain was isolated from herbicide-contaminated building rubble (Muller et al., 1999), and shown to degrade a number of phenoxyalkanoic herbicides. This type species was originally classified as *Pseudomonas acidovorans* and then *Comamonas acidovorans*. It was later reclassified as *Delftia acidovorans* based on an analysis of 16S rRNA (Wen et al., 1999). This species is a non glucose-fermenting, gram-negative, non spore-forming rod prevalent in soil and fresh water. Some species have also been isolated from activated sludge and clinical specimens.

## HISTORY OF FOOD USE

*Delftia acidovorans* can be used to transform ferulic acid into vanillin and related flavor metabolites (Yoon et al. 2005). This utility has led to a history of safe use for *D. acidovorans* in the food processing industry. For example, US Patent 5,128,253 “Bioconversion process for the production of vanillin” was issued on July 7, 1992 to Kraft General Foods (Labuda et al., 1992).

This strain also produces polyhydroxyalkanoates that are being developed as biomaterials for medical applications (Sudesh 2004)

## TOXICITY AND ALLERGENICITY

There are limited reports of *D. acidovorans* causing infections in compromised patients (Horowitz et. al. 1990). There are no reports of this strain producing any allergens.

## REFERENCES

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