

SUMMARY

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STUDY TITLE

Bioinformatics Evaluation of the Putative Reading Frames across the Junctions in Soybean Event
DAS-68416-4 for Potential Protein Allergenicity and Toxicity

DATA REQUIREMENTS

N/A

AUTHOR(S)

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STUDY COMPLETED ON

28 – June – 2010

PERFORMING LABORATORY

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LABORATORY STUDY ID

101711

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Bioinformatics Evaluation of the Putative Reading Frames across the Junctions in Soybean Event DAS-68416-4 for Potential Protein Allergenicity and Toxicity

SUMMARY

A plant-optimized *aad-12* gene, originally from the soil bacterium *Delftia acidovorans*, was integrated into soybean (*Glycine max*) by *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation of a variety “Maverick” with plasmid pDAB4468 to produce event DAS-68416-4. Aryloxyalkanoate dioxygenase-12 (AAD-12 protein), encoded by the *aad-12* gene, provides tolerance to the herbicide 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D). Molecular characterization indicated that the event DAS-68416-4 contained a single insert including two intact expression cassettes, AAD-12 and PAT. DNA sequences flanking the insert in event DAS-68416-4 soybean were also cloned and characterized. The DNA sequence of the insert is identical to the corresponding portion in the T-DNA insert of plasmid pDAB4468 except for an extra 9 bp insertion at the 3’ junction. All the junctions across the insert and its flanking borders were identified and screened for “novel” reading frames spanning the junction sites. A total of 12 “novel” reading frames were identified and 8 of them were evaluated for potential allergenicity and toxicity using bioinformatics tools since 4 of them are only 4 amino acids long. Searches of those putative “novel” reading frames against a peer reviewed allergen database (FARRP Allergen Database Version 10, Released in January, 2010) did not generate any significant amino acid sequence similarities with known allergens. Similarly, the search against the GenBank non-redundant protein sequences “nr” did not detect any protein sequence similarity with toxic proteins harmful to humans or animals.

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N/A

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STATEMENT OF NO DATA CONFIDENTIALITY CLAIMS

Compound: Soybean AAD-12 event DAS-68416-4

Title: Bioinformatics Evaluation of the Putative Reading Frames across the Junctions in Soybean Event DAS-68416-4 for Potential Protein Allergenicity and Toxicity

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Title: Bioinformatics Evaluation of the Putative Reading Frames across the Junctions in Soybean Event DAS-68416-4 for Potential Protein Allergenicity and Toxicity

Study Initiation Date: 26/04/2010

This report represents data generated after the effective date of the EPA FIFRA Good Laboratory Practice Standards.

United States Environmental Protection Agency
Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 160
FEDERAL REGISTER, August 17, 1989

Organisation for Economic Co-Operation and Development
ENV/MC/CHEM(98)17, Paris January 26, 1998

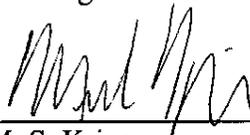
At the time this study was conducted, it was not subject to the Good Laboratory Practice Standards and was, therefore, not monitored by the quality assurance unit.



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24 June 2010

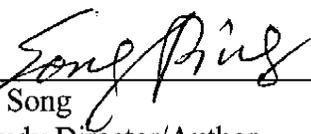
Date



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Compound: Soybean AAD-12 event DAS-68416-4

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NON-GLP STUDY

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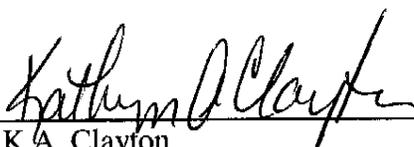
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
ABSTRACT.....	8
INTRODUCTION	9
METHODS	10
Search for “Novel” Reading Frames	10
Query Sequence Preparation.....	11
Allergenicity Assessment	11
Toxicity Assessment.....	12
RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS	12
Table 1. Deduced Amino Acid Sequences of Reading Frames across the Junctions in Soybean Event DAS-68416-4	16
Table 2. Summary of Results from BLASTp Search for Sequence Similarities of Putative.....	17
Figure 1. Diagram of the Insert, its Flanking Borders, and Junction Sites in Soybean Event DAS-68416-4	18
APPENDIX.....	19
1. FASTA Search Outputs of the Putative Reading Frames (>28 aa) in Soybean Event DAS-68416-4 against the Allergen Database V10	19
2. BLASTp Search Outputs Using Putative Reading Frames as Queries in Soybean Event DAS-68416-4	19

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ABSTRACT

A plant-optimized *aad-12* gene, originally from the soil bacterium *Delftia acidovorans*, was integrated into soybean (*Glycine max*) by *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation of a variety “Maverick” with plasmid pDAB4468 to produce event DAS-68416-4. Aryloxyalkanoate dioxygenase-12 (AAD-12 protein), encoded by the *aad-12* gene, provides tolerance to the herbicide 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D). Molecular characterization indicated that the event DAS-68416-4 contained a single insert including two intact expression cassettes, AAD-12 and PAT. DNA sequences flanking the insert in event DAS-68416-4 soybean were also cloned and characterized. The DNA sequence of the insert is identical to the corresponding portion in the T-DNA insert of plasmid pDAB4468 except for an extra 9 bp insertion at the 3’ junction. All the junctions across the insert and its flanking borders were identified and screened for “novel” reading frames spanning the junction sites. A total of 12 “novel” reading frames were identified and 8 of them were evaluated for potential allergenicity and toxicity using bioinformatics tools since 4 of them are only 4 amino acids long. Searches of those putative “novel” reading frames against a peer reviewed allergen database (FARRP Allergen Database Version 10, Released in January, 2010) did not generate any significant amino acid sequence similarities with known allergens. Similarly, the search against the GenBank non-redundant protein sequences “nr” did not detect any protein sequence similarity with toxic proteins harmful to humans or animals.

INTRODUCTION

A plant-optimized *aad-12* gene, originally from the soil bacterium *Delftia acidovorans*, was integrated into soybean (*Glycine max*) by *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation of a variety “Maverick” with plasmid pDAB4468 to produce event DAS-68416-4. Aryloxyalkanoate dioxygenase-12 (AAD-12 protein), encoded by the *aad-12* gene, provides tolerance to the herbicide 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D). Molecular characterization indicated that the event DAS-68416-4 contained a single insert containing two intact expression cassettes, AAD-12 and PAT (1). DNA sequences flanking the insert in event DAS-68416-4 soybean have been cloned and characterized (2). The DNA sequence of the insert is identical to the corresponding portion in the T-DNA insert of plasmid pDAB4468 except for an extra 9 bp insertion at the 3’ junction.

Theoretically, the DNA sequences surrounding the junctions across the insert and its flanking borders could create potential “novel” reading frames spanning those junction sites. In the safety assessment of transgenic crops, one of the concerns is that “novel” proteins could be expressed that might have a potential to elicit allergic or toxic reactions in humans. Therefore, the potential novel reading frames spanning the junctions of the insert and border sequences can be analyzed for sequence similarity to known allergens or toxins as an indication of a safety concern should those reading frames actually be expressed. For this study, “novel” reading frames are defined very conservatively as any reading frame spanning the junctions regardless of the presence of a start codon and the number of amino acid residues.

To assess potential allergenicity using bioinformatics tools, two criteria for evaluating structural similarities between query proteins and known allergens are currently used based on amino acid sequence alignments (3, 4, 5). The first criterion is a search over 80-amino-acid stretches (sliding window search) to detect >35% identity between a query protein and known allergens. The window size of 80 amino acids was selected to correspond with a typical domain size in a protein, and recognizes that single protein domains may contain epitopes that mediate antibody

binding. The second criterion involves evaluating short amino-acid stretches for identity between the query protein and known allergens. As stated in the report of Codex Ad Hoc Working Group on Allergenicity (3), “the size of the contiguous amino acid search should be based on a scientifically justified rationale in order to minimize the potential for false negative or false positive results”. Window sizes of 6 to 8 amino acids have been suggested based on hypothetical epitope sizes, however, use of window sizes of less than 8 amino acids have been largely abandoned based on the high probability of random alignments that are of no predictive value (6, 7). The use of any short-alignment criteria for predicting the allergenic potential of proteins has also been recently criticized (8, 9, 10, 11). For evaluation of potential protein toxicity, structure similarity between a query protein and known protein toxins are identified using local sequence alignment search tools such as BLAST and FASTA algorithms against a database of all available protein sequences.

The purpose of this study is to identify the potential “novel” reading frames at the junction of the border and insert sequences of event DAS-68416-4 and evaluate them for potential allergenicity and toxicity using bioinformatics tools along with updated allergen and non-redundant protein databases.

METHODS

Search for “Novel” Reading Frames

DNA sequences including the whole insert and its border regions of soybean event DAS-68416-4 were analyzed with an in-house Perl script to search six-frame translations from stop codon to stop codon across all the identified junctions (Figure 1). For each reading frame (RF), the exact locations of 5’ and 3’ stop codons were identified. Those RFs spanning the junctions were considered as “novel” and evaluated for any potential protein allergenicity or toxicity using bioinformatics tools.

Query Sequence Preparation

Each putative reading frame sequence was prepared in FASTA format for the use of FASTA and BLASTp search programs.

Allergenicity Assessment

For the allergenicity assessment, the amino acid sequence of each RF was compared with a peer-reviewed database containing 1471 known and putative allergens as well as celiac-induction protein sequences residing in the FARRP dataset (Version 10, Released in January 2010, University of Nebraska, <http://www.allergenonline.org/>). Potential identities between the RF peptide sequences and proteins in the allergen database were evaluated with the FASTA program (v34) using the default algorithm parameters (Matrix = BLOSUM50; Expect = 10; Gap Penalties = -12/-2; *ktup*=2). The FASTA search was run by an in-house Perl script in a UNIX computer with a Linux operation system. If a query sequence is longer than 80 amino acids, the script parses the query sequence into a complete (overlapping) set of 80 amino acid long fragments and each fragment is subjected to a FASTA search. A greater than 35% identity threshold over any 80 or more amino acid sequences between a query sequence and an allergen was used to indicate the potential for cross-reactivity. To ensure that high identity over a short stretch (for example, 80% over 60 amino acids) will not be overlooked, a calculation, $(\text{Identity}\% \times \text{number of overlapped amino acids})/80$, was implemented as a conversion to check the criteria of >35% over 80 amino acids when the FASTA alignment (overlapped amino acids) is less than 80 amino acids. Reading frames shorter than 29 amino acids were not evaluated using FASTA search since >35% identity requires at least a match of 29 amino acids over 80 amino acids. RF peptide sequences were also screened for any matches of 8 contiguous amino acids to the allergens contained in the database noted above as long as an RF is equal to or longer than 8 amino acids. This was done using an in-house Perl script that generates all sequentially possible (overlapping) 8-residue peptides from a query protein, followed by Fuzzpro program (Emboss Package v2.10.0) search that compares each query “word” with all allergen sequences in the database for perfect matches.

Toxicity Assessment

To assess potential toxicity of the *in silico* translated peptides of the RFs, a similarity search was conducted using the BLASTp algorithm. Reading frames were queried using the BLASTp 2.2.21 algorithm against non-redundant protein sequences “nr” (update to April 23, 2010), which incorporates non-redundant entries from all GenBank and RefSeq nucleotide translations, including non-redundant GenBank CDS translation along with protein sequences from SWISS-PROT (<http://www.expasy.org/sprot/>), PIR (<http://pir.georgetown.edu/>), PRF (<http://www.prf.or.jp/aboutdb-e.html>), and PDB (<http://www.wwpdb.org/>). BLASTp searches were done in the NCBI (National Center of Biotechnology Information) BLAST website (<http://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi>). BLASTp searches were performed in an internal UNIX computer using the default setting of algorithm parameters (Matrix = BLOSUM 62, Gap Costs: Existence: 11, Extension: 1, Word Size=3) except that the low complexity filter was off and Expectation =1. Although a statistically significant sequence similarity generally requires an alignment with an expectation value less than 0.01, a threshold of E-value < 1.0 ensures that proteins with even limited similarity will not be overlooked in the search (12).

RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS

A total of 12 reading frames spanning the junctions across the insert and its border regions in the event DAS-68416-4 were identified (Table 1). Four of them are only 4 amino acids long, which are too short to be analyzed. When the amino acid sequences of the 8 reading frames were compared with the FARRP allergen dataset (Version 10, January 2010), no matches of eight or greater contiguous amino acids were observed in any of the translated sequences. Of those 8 reading frames, only RF 1₊2, 1₋1, and 2₊2 were subject to search against the allergen database using the FASTA program since the rest of the reading frames are less than 29 amino acids. No over threshold identities (greater than 35% identity over greater than or equal to 80 amino acid residues) were detected in the FASTA search outputs when using the peptide sequences from the 3 RFs as query (Table 2, Appendix 1).

When the 8 reading frames were subjected to BLASTp search against the GenBank non-redundant protein dataset, no alignments with E-values less than 1 were returned (Table 2, Appendix 2).

In conclusion, bioinformatics evaluation of the 8 putative “novel” reading frames did not generate any significant amino acid sequence similarities with known allergens or toxic proteins that are harmful to humans or animals.

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Table 1. Deduced Amino Acid Sequences of Reading Frames across the Junctions in Soybean Event DAS-68416-4

Reading Frame Name (Junction_Frame)	Nucleotide location	Number of amino acids	Deduced amino acid sequence
1_+1	2719–2766	16	IIQAPVSIITPKVRPE_
1_+2	2705–2818	38	KFIFKSFKHQSASSHQKLGPNLSLKLESSQLRSTGQIR S_
1_+3	2700–2756	19	IKNLFLNHSSTSQHHHTKS_
1_-1	2817–2704	38	ERIWPVDLNCELSNFKLFGPNFWCDDADWCLNDL KINF_
1_-2	2798–2727	24	PSLYSASRYGAVDCNSMVRAGRTREG_
1_-3	2734–2723	4	LVLE_
2_+1	9082–9132	17	KRPQCVIKLSKRQYFNS_
2_+2	9068–9154	29	LQYIKNVRNVLLSCLSVNIIILNNQYFNS_
2_+3	9114–9125	4	ASIF_
2_-1	9138–9073	22	LLRIKILTLRQLNNTLRFTFLMY_
2_-2	9131–9120	4	ELKY_
2_-3	9124–9113	4	NIDA_

Table 2. Summary of Results from BLASTp Search for Sequence Similarities of Putative Reading Frames across Junctions in Soybean Event DAS-68416-4

Reading Frame (Junction_Frame)	Length (aa)	Match of 8 or more residues with known allergens	FASTA Search (>35% identity over ≥ 80 residues)	Number of BLASTp hits (E(<1))
1_+1	16	No	N/A	0
1_+2	38	No	No	0
1_+3	19	No	N/A	0
1_-1	38	No	No	0
1_-2	24	No	N/A	0
1_-3	4	N/A	N/A	N/A
2_+1	17	No	N/A	0
2_+2	29	No	No	0
2_+3	4	N/A	N/A	N/A
2_-1	22	No	N/A	0
2_-2	4	N/A	N/A	N/A
2_-3	4	N/A	N/A	N/A
1_+1	16	No	N/A	N/A

N/A = Not applicable;

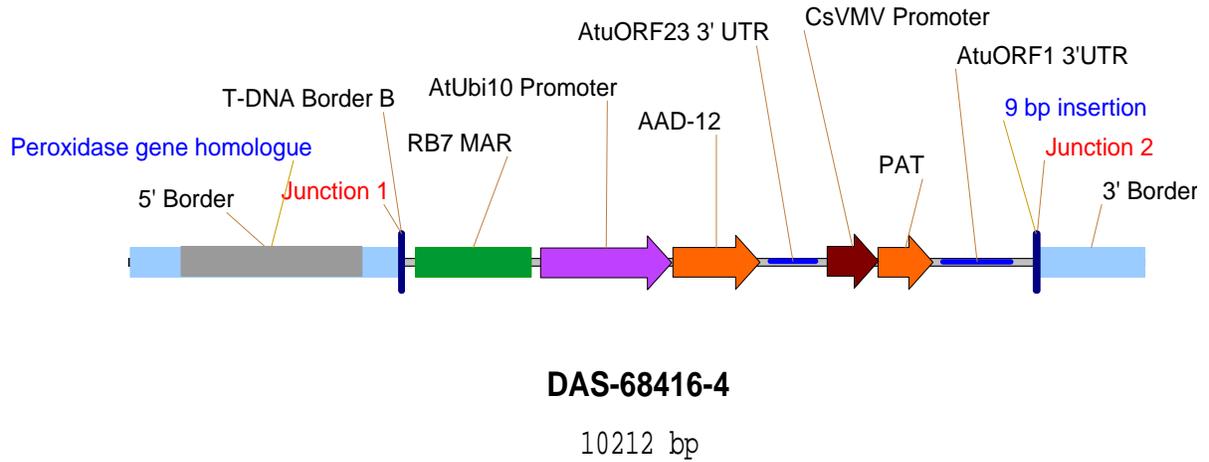


Figure 1. Diagram of the Insert, its Flanking Borders, and Junction Sites in Soybean Event DAS-68416-4

APPENDIX

1. FASTA Search Outputs of the Putative Reading Frames (>28 aa) in Soybean Event DAS-68416-4 against the Allergen Database V10

There were 3 reading frames (>28 aa). FASTA search output files are electronically stored in a secured computer in Dow AgroSciences and are available for view in PDF format.

2. BLASTp Search Outputs Using Putative Reading Frames as Queries in Soybean Event DAS-68416-4

BLASTp search output files of the 8 putative reading frames are electronically stored in a secured computer in Dow AgroSciences and are available for view in PDF format.

FASTA Search Outputs of the Putative Reading Frames (>28 aa) in Soybean Event DAS-68416-4 against the Allergen Database V10

RF_1_-1

fasta -Q -d 500 -E 10 fasta_input.txt /bioinformatics/Allergenicity/FARRPV10/FARRPV10.fasta 1
 FASTA searches a protein or DNA sequence data bank
 version 3.4t26 July 7, 2006

Please cite:

W. R. Pearson & D. J. Lipman PNAS (1988) 85:2444-2448

Query library fasta_input.txt vs /bioinformatics/Allergenicity/FARRPV10/FARRPV10.fasta library
 searching /bioinformatics/Allergenicity/FARRPV10/FARRPV10.fasta library

1>>>RF_1_-1 38 aa - 38 aa
 vs /bioinformatics/Allergenicity/FARRPV10/FARRPV10.fasta library

	opt	E()	
< 20	2	0:=	
22	0	0:	one = represents 3 library sequences
24	0	0:	
26	0	0:	
28	2	0:=	
30	4	2:*=	
32	7	8:==*	
34	22	21:====*==	
36	21	44:====*	
38	36	72:====*	
40	99	101:====*	
42	96	123:====*	
44	96	136:====*	
46	171	138:====*	
48	145	132:====*	
50	150	121:====*	
52	99	106:====*	
54	76	91:====*	
56	84	76:====*==	
58	89	62:====*==	
60	29	50:====*	
62	40	40:====*	
64	40	32:====*==	
66	28	25:====*==	
68	30	20:====*==	
70	19	16:====*==	
72	14	12:====*==	
74	15	10:====*==	
76	13	7:====*==	
78	15	6:====*==	
80	13	4:====*==	
82	1	3:*	
84	5	3:*=	

```

86      2      2:*
88      3      2:*      inset = represents 1 library sequences
90      0      1:*
92      3      1:*      :*==
94      1      1:*      :*
96      0      1:*      :*
98      0      0:      *
100     0      0:      *
102     0      0:      *
104     0      0:      *
106     0      0:      *
108     0      0:      *
110     0      0:      *
112     0      0:      *
114     0      0:      *
116     0      0:      *
118     0      0:      *
>120    1      0:=      *=

```

331323 residues in 1471 sequences

Expectation_n fit: rho(ln(x))= 4.0707+/-0.00321; mu= 5.7296+/- 0.165
mean_var=31.6493+/- 7.810, 0's: 2 Z-trim: 3 B-trim: 52 in 1/42
Lambda= 0.227978
Kolmogorov-Smirnov statistic: 0.0838 (N=29) at 44

FASTA (3.5 Sept 2006) function [optimized, BL50 matrix (15:-5)] ktup: 1
join: 42, opt: 30, open/ext: -10/-2, width: 32
Scan time: 0.030

The best scores are:

			opt bits	E(1471)
gi 188572343 gb ACD65081.1	eukaryotic translation (325)	70	27.8	0.077
gi 73535415 pdb 1WKX A Chain A, Crystal Structure (43)		46	19.7	2.8
gi 3367714 emb CAA08836.1	BDAI-1; Barley dimeric (152)	50	21.2	3.6
gi 146737976 gb ABQ42566.1	thaumatin-like protein (201)	51	21.5	3.7
gi 71057064 emb CAI38795.2	thaumatin-like protein (225)	51	21.5	4.1
gi 204324083 gb ACI01048.1	arginine kinase [Bomby (355)	51	21.6	6.3
gi 29292272 emb CAD82911.1	precursor Can f II [Ca (177)	48	20.5	6.6
gi 29292274 emb CAD82912.1	precursor Can f II [Ca (179)	48	20.5	6.6
gi 3121746 sp O18874.1	ALL2_CANFA RecName: Full=Mi (180)	48	20.5	6.7
gi 76782247 gb ABA54897.1	hydrophobic seed protei (134)	46	19.8	8
gi 9087163 sp Q96385.1	MPAC1_CHAOB RecName: Full=M (375)	50	21.3	8.4
gi 15886861 emb CAC85911.1	arginine kinase [Plodi (355)	49	20.9	10

>>gi|188572343|gb|ACD65081.1| eukaryotic translation ini (325 aa)
initn: 61 initl: 61 opt: 70 Z-score: 122.4 bits: 27.8 E(): 0.077
Smith-Waterman score: 70; 36.364% identity (60.606% similar) in 33 aa overlap (3-34:36-67)

```

                                10      20      30
RF_1_-                          ERIWPDVLDNCE-LSNFKLFGPNFWCDDADWCL
                                .: .:: : :...: . . :: :...:
gi|188 MQGHERAITQIKYNREGDLLFSCAKDHPNVW-FSLNGERLGTFNHGAGAVWCVDVDWTT

```

10 20 30 40 50 60

RF_1_- NDLKINF

. :
gi|188 TKLITGSGDMSVRLWDVETGTSVACIPCKSSARTVGFSGNQAAAYSTDRAMGHICELFV
70 80 90 100 110 120

>>gi|73535415|pdb|1WKX|A Chain A, Crystal Structure Of A (43 aa)
initn: 46 initl: 46 opt: 46 Z-score: 94.4 bits: 19.7 E(): 2.8
Smith-Waterman score: 46; 40.000% identity (60.000% similar) in 15 aa overlap (16-30:10-24)

10 20 30
RF_1_- ERIWPVDLNCELSNFKLFGPNFWCDDADWCLNDLKINF
:: :. :. :.
gi|735 EQCGRQAGGKLCPDNLCCSQWGWCGSTDEYCSPDHNCQSCKD
10 20 30 40

>>gi|3367714|emb|CAA08836.1| BDAI-1; Barley dimeric alph (152 aa)
initn: 50 initl: 50 opt: 50 Z-score: 92.3 bits: 21.2 E(): 3.6
Smith-Waterman score: 50; 71.429% identity (85.714% similar) in 7 aa overlap (19-25:32-38)

10 20 30
RF_1_- ERIWPVDLNCELSNFKLFGPNFWCDDADWCLNDLKINF
:: :. :.
gi|336 GAMWMKSMMLLVLLCMLMVTGARSNSGPMWCDPEMGHKVSPLTRCRALVKLECVG
10 20 30 40 50 60
gi|336 NRVPEDVLRDCCQEVANISNEWCRCGLGSMRLRSVYAALGVGGGPEEVFPGCQKDVMLL
70 80 90 100 110 120

>>gi|146737976|gb|ABQ42566.1| thaumatin-like protein [Ac (201 aa)
initn: 44 initl: 44 opt: 51 Z-score: 92.1 bits: 21.5 E(): 3.7
Smith-Waterman score: 51; 47.368% identity (63.158% similar) in 19 aa overlap (9-27:158-175)

10 20 30
RF_1_- ERIWPVDLNCELSNFKLFGPNFWCDDADWCLNDLKINF
:: :. :. :.
gi|146 GQCPNELRAPGGCNPCTVFKTDQFCNSGNCGLTNFSKFFKDR-CPDAYSYPKDDQTST
130 140 150 160 170 180

gi|146 FTCPAGTNYKVVFCP
190 200

>>gi|71057064|emb|CAI38795.2| thaumatin-like protein [Ac (225 aa)
initn: 44 initl: 44 opt: 51 Z-score: 91.3 bits: 21.5 E(): 4.1
Smith-Waterman score: 51; 47.368% identity (63.158% similar) in 19 aa overlap (9-27:182-199)

10 20 30

RF_1_- ERIWPVDLNCELSNFKLFGPNFWCDDADWCLNDLKINF
:: :::: : . : ::
gi|710 GQCPNELRAPGGCNPCTVFKTDQYCCNSGNCGLTNFSKFFKDR-CPDAYSYPKDDQTST
160 170 180 190 200 210

gi|710 FTCPAGTNYKVVFCP
220

>>gi|204324083|gb|ACI01048.1| arginine kinase [Bombyx mo (355 aa)
initn: 39 initl: 39 opt: 51 Z-score: 88.0 bits: 21.6 E(): 6.3
Smith-Waterman score: 51; 29.630% identity (55.556% similar) in 27 aa overlap (2-28:201-225)

RF_1_- 10 20 30
ERIWPVDLNCELSNFKLFGPNFWCDDADWCL
::: . . : : : : :
gi|204 GMSKETQQQLIDDHFLKEGDRFLQAANACRFWPTGRGIYHNENKTFL--VVCNEEDHLR
180 190 200 210 220

RF_1_- NDLKINF

gi|204 IISMQGGDLQVYKRLVSAVNEIEKKIPFSHHDRLGFLTFCPTNLGTTVRASVHIKLPK
230 240 250 260 270 280

>>gi|29292272|emb|CAD82911.1| precursor Can f II [Canis (177 aa)
initn: 32 initl: 32 opt: 48 Z-score: 87.7 bits: 20.5 E(): 6.6
Smith-Waterman score: 48; 39.394% identity (48.485% similar) in 33 aa overlap (5-34:74-105)

RF_1_- 10 20 30
ERIWPVDLNCE---LSNFKLFGPNFWCDDADWCL
: : : : : : : : : : : : : :
gi|292 SDLIKPWGHRVFIHMSAKDGNLHGDILIPQDQCEKVSMTAFKTATSNTNF-DLEYWGH
50 60 70 80 90 100

RF_1_- NDLKINF

:::
gi|292 NDLYLAEVDPKSYLILYMINQYNDTSLVAHLMVRDLSRQQDFLPAFESVCEDIGLHKDQ
110 120 130 140 150 160

>>gi|29292274|emb|CAD82912.1| precursor Can f II [Canis (179 aa)
initn: 32 initl: 32 opt: 48 Z-score: 87.6 bits: 20.5 E(): 6.6
Smith-Waterman score: 48; 39.394% identity (48.485% similar) in 33 aa overlap (5-34:76-107)

RF_1_- 10 20 30
ERIWPVDLNCE---LSNFKLFGPNFWCDDADWCL
: : : : : : : : : : : : : :
gi|292 SDLTKPWGHRVFIHMSAKDVNLHGDILIPQDQCEKVSMTAFKTATSNTNF-DLEYWGH
50 60 70 80 90 100

>>gi|15886861|emb|CAC85911.1| arginine kinase [Plodia in (355 aa)
 initn: 39 initl: 39 opt: 49 Z-score: 84.4 bits: 20.9 E(): 10
 Smith-Waterman score: 49; 29.630% identity (51.852% similar) in 27 aa overlap (2-28:201-225)

```

                                10      20      30
RF_1_-                          ERIWVVDLNCELSDFKLFQPNFWCDDADWCL
                                ::: .  .. ::  ... :
gi|158 GMSKETQQQLIDDHFLFKEGDRFLQAANACRFWPSGRGIYHNENKTF--VWCNEEDHLR
                                180      190      200      210      220

```

```

RF_1_-  NDLKINF

gi|158 LISMQMGGDLKQVYKRLVRGVNDIAKRIPFSHNERLGFLTFCPTNLGTTVRASVHIKLPK
                                230      240      250      260      270      280

```

38 residues in 1 query sequences
 331323 residues in 1471 library sequences
 Scomplib [34t26]
 start: Mon Mar 1 23:40:37 2010 done: Mon Mar 1 23:40:38 2010
 Total Scan time: 0.030 Total Display time: 0.010

RF_1_+2

Function used was FASTA [version 3.4t26 July 7, 2006]
 # fasta -Q -d 500 -E 10 fasta_input.txt /bioinformatics/Allergenicity/FARRPV10/FARRPV10.fasta 1
 FASTA searches a protein or DNA sequence data bank
 version 3.4t26 July 7, 2006
 Please cite:
 W.R. Pearson & D.J. Lipman PNAS (1988) 85:2444-2448

Query library fasta_input.txt vs /bioinformatics/Allergenicity/FARRPV10/FARRPV10.fasta library
 searching /bioinformatics/Allergenicity/FARRPV10/FARRPV10.fasta library

1>>>RF_1_+2 38 aa - 38 aa
 vs /bioinformatics/Allergenicity/FARRPV10/FARRPV10.fasta library

	opt	E()	
< 20	2	0:=	
22	0	0:	one = represents 3 library sequences
24	0	0:	
26	0	0:	
28	1	0:=	
30	9	2:*==	
32	8	8:==*	
34	53	21:====*=====	
36	49	44:====*=====	
38	71	72:====*=====	

```

40 89 101:===== *
42 105 123:===== *
44 93 136:===== *
46 157 138:===== *=====
48 152 132:===== *=====
50 101 121:===== *
52 117 106:===== *=====
54 86 91:===== *
56 74 76:===== *
58 41 62:===== *
60 76 50:===== *=====
62 29 40:===== *
64 24 32:===== *
66 17 25:===== *
68 35 20:===== *=====
70 35 16:===== *=====
72 13 12:===== *
74 4 10:===== *
76 5 7:===== *
78 2 6:===== *
80 11 4:===== *
82 1 3: *
84 8 3: *
86 1 2: *
88 0 2: * inset = represents 1 library sequences
90 0 1: *
92 0 1: * : *
94 2 1: * : *
96 0 1: * : *
98 0 0: *
100 0 0: *
102 0 0: *
104 0 0: *
106 0 0: *
108 0 0: *
110 0 0: *
112 0 0: *
114 0 0: *
116 0 0: *
118 0 0: *
>120 0 0: *

```

331323 residues in 1471 sequences

Expectation_n fit: $\rho(\ln(x)) = 4.8574 \pm 0.00316$; $\mu = 2.6829 \pm 0.164$
 mean_var = 29.2344 \pm 8.102, 0's: 2 Z-trim: 2 B-trim: 32 in 1/42
 Lambda = 0.237207

Kolmogorov-Smirnov statistic: 0.0305 (N=28) at 36

FASTA (3.5 Sept 2006) function [optimized, BL50 matrix (15:-5)] ktup: 1
 join: 42, opt: 30, open/ext: -10/-2, width: 32


```
RF_1_+                KFIFKSFKHQSASSHQKLGPNLKLKLESSQLRSTG
                        :... .: :: ... :... . . :
gi |159 FSEVFGKEKVNELSKDIGSESTEDQAMEDIKQMEAESISSEEIVPNSVEQKHIQKEDVP
                        10      20      30      40      50      60
```

RF_1_+ QIRS

```
gi |159 SERYLGYLEQLRLKQKVPQLEIVPNSAEERLHSMKEGIHAQQKEPMIGVNLQELAYFYP
                        70      80      90      100     110     120
```

```
>>gi|33149333|gb|AAP96759.1| group 1 allergen Dac g 1.01 (240 aa)
  initn: 45 initl: 45 opt: 48 Z-score: 84.6 bits: 20.4 E(): 9.8
Smith-Waterman score: 48; 35.714% identity (67.857% similar) in 28 aa overlap (9-36:104-130)
```

```
RF_1_+                10      20      30
                        KFIFKSFKHQSASSHQKLGPNLKLKLESSQLRSTGQIRS
                        : . .: .: . : : . . . . . . . . . .
gi |331 EIKCTKPESCSGEAVTVHITDDNEEPIAPYHFDLSGHA-FGSMAKKGEEQKLRSALELEL
                        80      90      100     110     120     130

gi |331 QFRRVKCKYPEGKTLTFHVEKGSNPNYLALLVKYVDGDGDVVAVDIKEKGKDKWIALKES
                        140     150     160     170     180     190
```

```
38 residues in 1 query sequences
331323 residues in 1471 library sequences
Scomplib [34t26]
start: Fri Apr 30 23:48:22 2010 done: Fri Apr 30 23:48:22 2010
Total Scan time: 0.040 Total Display time: 0.000
```

RF_2+2

```
Function used was FASTA [version 3.4t26 July 7, 2006]
# fasta -Q -d 500 -E 10 fasta_input.txt /bioinformatics/Allergenicity/FARRPV10/FARRPV10.fasta 1
FASTA searches a protein or DNA sequence data bank
  version 3.4t26 July 7, 2006
Please cite:
  W.R. Pearson & D.J. Lipman PNAS (1988) 85:2444-2448
```

```
Query library fasta_input.txt vs /bioinformatics/Allergenicity/FARRPV10/FARRPV10.fasta library
searching /bioinformatics/Allergenicity/FARRPV10/FARRPV10.fasta library
```

```
1>>>RF_2_+2 29 aa - 29 aa
vs /bioinformatics/Allergenicity/FARRPV10/FARRPV10.fasta library
```

```
opt      E()
< 20      2      0:=
  22      0      0:      one = represents 3 library sequences
```

```

24 0 0:
26 0 0:
28 1 0:=
30 1 2:*
32 9 8:==*
34 14 21:==== *
36 81 44:===== *=====
38 83 72:===== *=====
40 70 101:===== *
42 106 123:===== *
44 127 136:===== *
46 148 138:===== *=====
48 100 132:===== *
50 97 121:===== *
52 104 106:===== *
54 93 91:===== *
56 111 76:===== *=====
58 67 62:===== *==
60 41 50:===== *
62 27 40:===== *
64 52 32:===== *=====
66 32 25:===== *==
68 14 20:===== *
70 34 16:===== *=====
72 4 12:== *
74 10 10:==*
76 14 7:==*==
78 4 6:=*
80 8 4:=*=
82 3 3:*
84 1 3:*
86 4 2:=*
88 2 2:* inset = represents 1 library sequences
90 3 1:*
92 2 1:* :*=
94 1 1:* :*
96 1 1:* :*
98 0 0: *
100 0 0: *
102 0 0: *
104 0 0: *
106 0 0: *
108 0 0: *
110 0 0: *
112 0 0: *
114 0 0: *
116 0 0: *
118 0 0: *
>120 0 0: *

```

331323 residues in 1471 sequences

Expectation_n fit: rho(ln(x))= 3.1982+/- 0.003; mu= 7.1394+/- 0.157
mean_var=25.4479+/- 7.427, O's: 2 Z-trim: 2 B-trim: 52 in 1/42
Lambda= 0.254243
Kolmogorov-Smirnov statistic: 0.0428 (N=29) at 52

FASTA (3.5 Sept 2006) function [optimized, BL50 matrix (15:-5)] ktup: 1
join: 42, opt: 30, open/ext: -10/-2, width: 32
Scan time: 0.040

The best scores are: opt bits E(1471)

gi 8843917 gb AAF80164.1 pollen major allergen 1- (367)	49	22.6	2.4
gi 22796153 emb CAD42710.1 hydrophobin [Davidiella (105)	44	20.5	3.1
gi 8101715 gb AAF72627.1 AF257493_1 Cup s 1 pollen (367)	47	21.9	4
gi 8101717 gb AAF72628.1 AF257494_1 Cup s 1 pollen (367)	47	21.9	4
gi 8101713 gb AAF72626.1 AF257492_1 Cup s 1 pollen (367)	47	21.9	4
gi 8101711 gb AAF72625.1 AF257491_1 Cup s 1 pollen (367)	47	21.9	4
gi 8101719 gb AAF72629.1 AF257495_1 Cup s 1 pollen (367)	47	21.9	4
gi 9087167 sp Q9SCG9.1 MPAC1_CUPAR RecName: Full=M (346)	45	21.2	6.3
gi 118197955 gb ABK78766.1 major allergen Cup a 1 (347)	45	21.2	6.3
gi 9087152 sp P81294.1 MPAJ1_JUNAS RecName: Full=M (367)	45	21.2	6.6
gi 15139849 emb CAC48400.1 putative allergen jun (367)	45	21.2	6.6
gi 19069497 emb CAC37790.2 putative allergen Cup (367)	45	21.2	6.6
gi 8843921 gb AAF80166.1 pollen major allergen 1- (367)	45	21.2	6.6
gi 9087163 sp Q96385.1 MPAC1_CHAOB RecName: Full=M (375)	44	20.8	8.7

>>gi|8843917|gb|AAF80164.1| pollen major allergen 1-2 [J (367 aa)
initn: 49 initl: 49 opt: 49 Z-score: 95.5 bits: 22.6 E(): 2.4
Smith-Waterman score: 49; 53.846% identity (92.308% similar) in 13 aa overlap (16-28:203-215)

```

                10      20
RF_2_+          LQYIKNVRNVLLSCLSVNIIILNNQYFNS
                ...: :::::
gi|884 AITMRNVTNAWIDHNSLSDCSGLIDVTLGSGTITIFNNHFFNHHKVMLLGHDDTYDDDK
                180      190      200      210      220      230
gi|884 SMKVTVAFNQFGPNAGQRMPPRARYGLVHVANNYDPWNIYAIGGSSNPTILSEGNSTAP
                240      250      260      270      280      290
```

>>gi|22796153|emb|CAD42710.1| hydrophobin [Davidiella ta (105 aa)
initn: 44 initl: 44 opt: 44 Z-score: 93.6 bits: 20.5 E(): 3.1
Smith-Waterman score: 44; 50.000% identity (71.429% similar) in 14 aa overlap (12-25:60-73)

```

                10      20
RF_2_+          LQYIKNVRNVLLSCLSVNIIILNNQYFNS
                .....:
gi|227 KVEIDGQDSAPVCGNGQKVACCNSGEDLIIGLNCLSIPIAIPQKACGSNIAACCGTGDS
                30      40      50      60      70      80
gi|227 EGNLLNLEANCLAIPL
```

90 100

>>gi|8101715|gb|AAF72627.1|AF257493_1 Cup s 1 pollen all (367 aa)
initn: 45 initl: 45 opt: 47 Z-score: 91.6 bits: 21.9 E(): 4
Smith-Waterman score: 47; 50.000% identity (75.000% similar) in 20 aa overlap (9-28:198-215)

```

                                10    20
RF_2_+                          LQYIKNVRNVLLSCLSVNILLNNQYFNS
                                .. :: :... : :... ::
gi|810 AQDGDAITMRNVTNAWIDHNSLPDCSDGLIDVTLS--STGITISNNHFFNHHKVMLLGHD
      170      180      190      200      210      220

gi|810 DTYDDDKSMKVTVAFNQFGPNAGQRMPPRARYGLVHVANNNDQWNIYAIGSSNPTILSE
      230      240      250      260      270      280
```

>>gi|8101717|gb|AAF72628.1|AF257494_1 Cup s 1 pollen all (367 aa)
initn: 45 initl: 45 opt: 47 Z-score: 91.6 bits: 21.9 E(): 4
Smith-Waterman score: 47; 50.000% identity (75.000% similar) in 20 aa overlap (9-28:198-215)

```

                                10    20
RF_2_+                          LQYIKNVRNVLLSCLSVNILLNNQYFNS
                                .. :: :... : :... ::
gi|810 AQDGDAITMRNVTNAWIDHNSLSDCS DGLIDVTLS--STGITISNNHFFNHHKVMLLGHD
      170      180      190      200      210      220

gi|810 DTYDDDKSMKVTVAFNQFGPNAGQRMPPRARYGLVHVANNNDQWNIYAIGSSNPTILSE
      230      240      250      260      270      280
```

>>gi|8101713|gb|AAF72626.1|AF257492_1 Cup s 1 pollen all (367 aa)
initn: 45 initl: 45 opt: 47 Z-score: 91.6 bits: 21.9 E(): 4
Smith-Waterman score: 47; 50.000% identity (75.000% similar) in 20 aa overlap (9-28:198-215)

```

                                10    20
RF_2_+                          LQYIKNVRNVLLSCLSVNILLNNQYFNS
                                .. :: :... : :... ::
gi|810 AQDGDAITMRNVTNAWIDHNSLSDCS DGLIDVTLS--STGITISNNHFFNHHKVMLLGHD
      170      180      190      200      210      220

gi|810 DTYDDDKSMKVTVAFNQFGPNAGQRMPPRARYGLVHVANNNDQWNIYAIGSSNPTILSE
      230      240      250      260      270      280
```

>>gi|8101711|gb|AAF72625.1|AF257491_1 Cup s 1 pollen all (367 aa)
initn: 45 initl: 45 opt: 47 Z-score: 91.6 bits: 21.9 E(): 4
Smith-Waterman score: 47; 50.000% identity (75.000% similar) in 20 aa overlap (9-28:198-215)

```

                                10    20
RF_2_+                          LQYIKNVRNVLLSCLSVNILLNNQYFNS
                                .. :: :... : :... ::
gi|810 AQDGDAITMRNVTNAWIDHNSLSDCS DGLIDVTLS--STGITISNNHFFNHHKVMLLGHD
```


Smith-Waterman score: 44; 46.154% identity (84.615% similar) in 13 aa overlap (16-28:203-215)

```

                10      20
RF_2_+          LQYIKNVRNVLLSCLSVNILILNNQYFNS
                .... : :...:
gi|908 AITMRNVDVWIDHNSLSDSSDGLVDVTLASTGVTISNNHFFNHHKVMLLGHSDIYSDDK
        180      190      200      210      220      230

gi|908 SMKVTVAFNQFGPNAGQRMPRARYGLIHVANNYDPWSIYAIGGSSNPTILSEGNSFTAP
        240      250      260      270      280      290
```

29 residues in 1 query sequences

331323 residues in 1471 library sequences

Scomplib [34t26]

start: Fri Apr 30 23:48:48 2010 done: Fri Apr 30 23:48:49 2010

Total Scan time: 0.040 Total Display time: 0.000

Function used was FASTA [version 3.4t26 July 7, 2006]

BLASTp Search Outputs Using Putative Reading Frames as Queries in Soybean Event DAS-68416-4 against GenBank Non Redundant Protein Sequences "nr"

RF_1_+1

BLASTP 2.2.21 [Jun-14-2009]

Reference: Altschul, Stephen F., Thomas L. Madden, Alejandro A. Schaffer, Jinghui Zhang, Zheng Zhang, Webb Miller, and David J. Lipman (1997), "Gapped BLAST and PSI-BLAST: a new generation of protein database search programs", Nucleic Acids Res. 25:3389-3402.

Reference for compositional score matrix adjustment: Altschul, Stephen F., John C. Wootton, E. Michael Gertz, Richa Agarwala, Aleksandr Morgulis, Alejandro A. Schaffer, and Yi-Kuo Yu (2005) "Protein database searches using compositionally adjusted substitution matrices", FEBS J. 272:5101-5109.

Query= RF_1_+1
(16 letters)

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
10,862,569 sequences; 3,701,345,023 total letters

Searching..... done

***** No hits found *****

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
Posted date: Apr 19, 2010 11:58 AM
Number of letters in database: 3,701,345,023
Number of sequences in database: 10,862,569

Lambda	K	H
0.319	0.139	0.388

Gapped

Lambda	K	H
0.267	0.0410	0.140

Matrix: BLOSUM62
Gap Penalties: Existence: 11, Extension: 1
Number of Sequences: 10862569
Number of Hits to DB: 105,906,678
Number of extensions: 838480
Number of successful extensions: 476
Number of sequences better than 1.0: 0
Number of HSP's gapped: 476
Number of HSP's successfully gapped: 0

Length of query: 16
Length of database: 3,701,345,023
Length adjustment: 0
Effective length of query: 16
Effective length of database: 3,701,345,023
Effective search space: 59221520368
Effective search space used: 59221520368
Neighboring words threshold: 11
Window for multiple hits: 40
X1: 16 (7.4 bits)
X2: 38 (14.6 bits)
X3: 64 (24.7 bits)
S1: 41 (21.7 bits)
S2: 81 (35.8 bits)
BLASTP 2.2.21 [Jun-14-2009]

RF_1_+2

BLASTP 2.2.21 [Jun-14-2009]

Reference: Altschul, Stephen F., Thomas L. Madden, Alejandro A. Schaffer, Jinghui Zhang, Zheng Zhang, Webb Miller, and David J. Lipman (1997), "Gapped BLAST and PSI-BLAST: a new generation of protein database search programs", *Nucleic Acids Res.* 25:3389-3402.

Reference for compositional score matrix adjustment: Altschul, Stephen F., John C. Wootton, E. Michael Gertz, Richa Agarwala, Aleksandr Morgulis, Alejandro A. Schaffer, and Yi-Kuo Yu (2005) "Protein database searches using compositionally adjusted substitution matrices", *FEBS J.* 272:5101-5109.

Query= RF_1_+2
(38 letters)

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
10,862,569 sequences; 3,701,345,023 total letters

Searching..... done

***** No hits found *****

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
Posted date: Apr 19, 2010 11:58 AM
Number of letters in database: 3,701,345,023
Number of sequences in database: 10,862,569

Lambda	K	H
0.312	0.123	0.322

Gapped

Lambda	K	H
0.267	0.0410	0.140

Matrix: BLOSUM62

Gap Penalties: Existence: 11, Extension: 1

Number of Sequences: 10862569

Number of Hits to DB: 198,329,733

Number of extensions: 2870352

Number of successful extensions: 4657

Number of sequences better than 1.0: 0

Number of HSP's gapped: 4657

Number of HSP's successfully gapped: 0

Length of query: 38

Length of database: 3,701,345,023

Length adjustment: 12

Effective length of query: 26

Effective length of database: 3,570,994,195

Effective search space: 92845849070

Effective search space used: 92845849070

Neighboring words threshold: 11

Window for multiple hits: 40

X1: 16 (7.2 bits)

X2: 38 (14.6 bits)

X3: 64 (24.7 bits)

S1: 42 (21.9 bits)

S2: 83 (36.6 bits)

RF_1_-1

BLASTP 2.2.21 [Jun-14-2009]

Reference: Altschul, Stephen F., Thomas L. Madden, Alejandro A. Schaffer, Jinghui Zhang, Zheng Zhang, Webb Miller, and David J. Lipman (1997), "Gapped BLAST and PSI-BLAST: a new generation of protein database search programs", *Nucleic Acids Res.* 25:3389-3402.

Reference for compositional score matrix adjustment: Altschul, Stephen F., John C. Wootton, E. Michael Gertz, Richa Agarwala, Aleksandr Morgulis, Alejandro A. Schaffer, and Yi-Kuo Yu (2005) "Protein database searches using compositionally adjusted substitution matrices", *FEBS J.* 272:5101-5109.

Query= RF_1_-1
(38 letters)

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
10,862,569 sequences; 3,701,345,023 total letters

Searching..... done

***** No hits found *****

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
Posted date: Apr 19, 2010 11:58 AM
Number of letters in database: 3,701,345,023
Number of sequences in database: 10,862,569

Lambda	K	H
0.328	0.148	0.576

Gapped

Lambda	K	H
0.267	0.0410	0.140

Matrix: BLOSUM62

Gap Penalties: Existence: 11, Extension: 1

Number of Sequences: 10862569

Number of Hits to DB: 317,428,271

Number of extensions: 7119911

Number of successful extensions: 12293

Number of sequences better than 1.0: 0

Number of HSP's gapped: 12296

Number of HSP's successfully gapped: 0

Length of query: 38

Length of database: 3,701,345,023

Length adjustment: 12

Effective length of query: 26

Effective length of database: 3,570,994,195

Effective search space: 92845849070

Effective search space used: 92845849070

Neighboring words threshold: 11

Window for multiple hits: 40

X1: 15 (7.1 bits)

X2: 38 (14.6 bits)

X3: 64 (24.7 bits)

S1: 40 (21.7 bits)

S2: 83 (36.6 bits)

RF_1_-2

BLASTP 2.2.21 [Jun-14-2009]

Reference: Altschul, Stephen F., Thomas L. Madden, Alejandro A. Schaffer, Jinghui Zhang, Zheng Zhang, Webb Miller, and David J. Lipman (1997), "Gapped BLAST and PSI-BLAST: a new generation of protein database search programs", *Nucleic Acids Res.* 25:3389-3402.

Reference for compositional score matrix adjustment: Altschul, Stephen F., John C. Wootton, E. Michael Gertz, Richa Agarwala, Aleksandr Morgulis, Alejandro A. Schaffer, and Yi-Kuo Yu (2005) "Protein database searches using compositionally adjusted substitution matrices", FEBS J. 272:5101-5109.

Query= RF_1_-2
(24 letters)

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
10,862,569 sequences; 3,701,345,023 total letters

Searching.....done

***** No hits found *****

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
Posted date: Apr 19, 2010 11:58 AM
Number of letters in database: 3,701,345,023
Number of sequences in database: 10,862,569

Lambda	K	H
0.324	0.134	0.363

Gapped

Lambda	K	H
0.267	0.0410	0.140

Matrix: BLOSUM62
Gap Penalties: Existence: 11, Extension: 1
Number of Sequences: 10862569
Number of Hits to DB: 130,268,777
Number of extensions: 1380559
Number of successful extensions: 3369
Number of sequences better than 1.0: 0
Number of HSP's gapped: 3369
Number of HSP's successfully gapped: 0
Length of query: 24
Length of database: 3,701,345,023
Length adjustment: 0
Effective length of query: 24
Effective length of database: 3,701,345,023
Effective search space: 88832280552
Effective search space used: 88832280552
Neighboring words threshold: 11
Window for multiple hits: 40
X1: 15 (7.0 bits)

X2: 38 (14.6 bits)
X3: 64 (24.7 bits)
S1: 40 (21.6 bits)
S2: 83 (36.6 bits)

RF_1_+3

BLASTP 2.2.21 [Jun-14-2009]

Reference: Altschul, Stephen F., Thomas L. Madden, Alejandro A. Schaffer, Jinghui Zhang, Zheng Zhang, Webb Miller, and David J. Lipman (1997), "Gapped BLAST and PSI-BLAST: a new generation of protein database search programs", Nucleic Acids Res. 25:3389-3402.

Reference for compositional score matrix adjustment: Altschul, Stephen F., John C. Wootton, E. Michael Gertz, Richa Agarwala, Aleksandr Morgulis, Alejandro A. Schaffer, and Yi-Kuo Yu (2005) "Protein database searches using compositionally adjusted substitution matrices", FEBS J. 272:5101-5109.

Query= RF_1_+3
(19 letters)

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
10,862,569 sequences; 3,701,345,023 total letters

Searching..... done

***** No hits found *****

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
Posted date: Apr 19, 2010 11:58 AM
Number of letters in database: 3,701,345,023
Number of sequences in database: 10,862,569

Lambda	K	H
0.313	0.117	0.343

Gapped

Lambda	K	H
0.267	0.0410	0.140

Matrix: BLOSUM62

Gap Penalties: Existence: 11, Extension: 1
Number of Sequences: 10862569
Number of Hits to DB: 105,320,210
Number of extensions: 767916
Number of successful extensions: 1958
Number of sequences better than 1.0: 0

Number of HSP's gapped: 1958
Number of HSP's successfully gapped: 0
Length of query: 19
Length of database: 3,701,345,023
Length adjustment: 0
Effective length of query: 19
Effective length of database: 3,701,345,023
Effective search space: 70325555437
Effective search space used: 70325555437
Neighboring words threshold: 11
Window for multiple hits: 40
X1: 16 (7.2 bits)
X2: 38 (14.6 bits)
X3: 64 (24.7 bits)
S1: 41 (21.6 bits)
S2: 82 (36.2 bits)

RF_2_+1

BLASTP 2.2.21 [Jun-14-2009]

Reference: Altschul, Stephen F., Thomas L. Madden, Alejandro A. Schaffer, Jinghui Zhang, Zheng Zhang, Webb Miller, and David J. Lipman (1997), "Gapped BLAST and PSI-BLAST: a new generation of protein database search programs", *Nucleic Acids Res.* 25:3389-3402.

Reference for compositional score matrix adjustment: Altschul, Stephen F., John C. Wootton, E. Michael Gertz, Richa Agarwala, Aleksandr Morgulis, Alejandro A. Schaffer, and Yi-Kuo Yu (2005) "Protein database searches using compositionally adjusted substitution matrices", *FEBS J.* 272:5101-5109.

Query= RF_2_+1
(17 letters)

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
10,862,569 sequences; 3,701,345,023 total letters

Searching.....done

***** No hits found *****

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
Posted date: Apr 19, 2010 11:58 AM
Number of letters in database: 3,701,345,023
Number of sequences in database: 10,862,569

Lambda	K	H
0.325	0.134	0.406

Gapped
Lambda K H
 0.267 0.0410 0.140

Matrix: BLOSUM62
Gap Penalties: Existence: 11, Extension: 1
Number of Sequences: 10862569
Number of Hits to DB: 97,056,364
Number of extensions: 575487
Number of successful extensions: 344
Number of sequences better than 1.0: 0
Number of HSP's gapped: 344
Number of HSP's successfully gapped: 0
Length of query: 17
Length of database: 3,701,345,023
Length adjustment: 0
Effective length of query: 17
Effective length of database: 3,701,345,023
Effective search space: 62922865391
Effective search space used: 62922865391
Neighboring words threshold: 11
Window for multiple hits: 40
X1: 15 (7.0 bits)
X2: 38 (14.6 bits)
X3: 64 (24.7 bits)
S1: 40 (21.7 bits)
S2: 82 (36.2 bits)

RF_2_-1

BLASTP 2.2.21 [Jun-14-2009]

Reference: Altschul, Stephen F., Thomas L. Madden, Alejandro A. Schaffer, Jinghui Zhang, Zheng Zhang, Webb Miller, and David J. Lipman (1997), "Gapped BLAST and PSI-BLAST: a new generation of protein database search programs", *Nucleic Acids Res.* 25:3389-3402.

Reference for compositional score matrix adjustment: Altschul, Stephen F., John C. Wootton, E. Michael Gertz, Richa Agarwala, Aleksandr Morgulis, Alejandro A. Schaffer, and Yi-Kuo Yu (2005) "Protein database searches using compositionally adjusted substitution matrices", *FEBS J.* 272:5101-5109.

Query= RF_2_-1
 (22 letters)

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
 10,862,569 sequences; 3,701,345,023 total letters

Searching.....done

***** No hits found *****

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
Posted date: Apr 19, 2010 11:58 AM
Number of letters in database: 3,701,345,023
Number of sequences in database: 10,862,569

Lambda	K	H
0.341	0.151	0.406

Gapped

Lambda	K	H
0.267	0.0410	0.140

Matrix: BLOSUM62

Gap Penalties: Existence: 11, Extension: 1

Number of Sequences: 10862569

Number of Hits to DB: 105,235,511

Number of extensions: 887243

Number of successful extensions: 1706

Number of sequences better than 1.0: 0

Number of HSP's gapped: 1706

Number of HSP's successfully gapped: 0

Length of query: 22

Length of database: 3,701,345,023

Length adjustment: 0

Effective length of query: 22

Effective length of database: 3,701,345,023

Effective search space: 81429590506

Effective search space used: 81429590506

Neighboring words threshold: 11

Window for multiple hits: 40

X1: 15 (7.4 bits)

X2: 38 (14.6 bits)

X3: 64 (24.7 bits)

S1: 39 (21.9 bits)

S2: 83 (36.6 bits)

RF_2_+2

BLASTP 2.2.21 [Jun-14-2009]

Reference: Altschul, Stephen F., Thomas L. Madden, Alejandro A. Schaffer, Jinghui Zhang, Zheng Zhang, Webb Miller, and David J. Lipman (1997), "Gapped BLAST and PSI-BLAST: a new generation of protein database search programs", *Nucleic Acids Res.* 25:3389-3402.

Reference for compositional score matrix adjustment: Altschul, Stephen F., John C. Wootton, E. Michael Gertz, Richa Agarwala, Aleksandr Morgulis, Alejandro A. Schaffer, and Yi-Kuo Yu (2005) "Protein database searches using compositionally adjusted substitution matrices", FEBS J. 272:5101-5109.

Query= RF_2_+2
(29 letters)

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
10,862,569 sequences; 3,701,345,023 total letters

Searching..... done

***** No hits found *****

Database: /usr/local/blast/db/blastlibs/nr
Posted date: Apr 19, 2010 11:58 AM
Number of letters in database: 3,701,345,023
Number of sequences in database: 10,862,569

Lambda	K	H
0.327	0.140	0.391

Gapped

Lambda	K	H
0.267	0.0410	0.140

Matrix: BLOSUM62

Gap Penalties: Existence: 11, Extension: 1

Number of Sequences: 10862569

Number of Hits to DB: 173,293,224

Number of extensions: 2417020

Number of successful extensions: 7164

Number of sequences better than 1.0: 0

Number of HSP's gapped: 7165

Number of HSP's successfully gapped: 0

Length of query: 29

Length of database: 3,701,345,023

Length adjustment: 4

Effective length of query: 25

Effective length of database: 3,657,894,747

Effective search space: 91447368675

Effective search space used: 91447368675

Neighboring words threshold: 11

Window for multiple hits: 40

X1: 15 (7.1 bits)

X2: 38 (14.6 bits)

X3: 64 (24.7 bits)
S1: 40 (21.7 bits)
S2: 83 (36.6 bits)